## Math 141H.1, Honors Calculus II

## Midterm Exam 1

Stephen G. Simpson

January 23, 2002

1. Let a function f be defined by

$$f(x) = \log_{10}\sqrt{x^4 - 16}$$
.

On which intervals is f one-to-one? For each of these intervals, find the inverse function of f.

- 2. If  $\log_5 100 = a$ , find  $\log_{100} 5$ .
- 3. Solve the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x^2 + 4}$$
,  $y(0) = 2$ .

- 4. Find the derivative of  $\log_2(\sec^{-1} x)$ .
- 5. Simplify the expression

$$\ln\sqrt{x} + \ln(x\sqrt{x}) + \ln\left(\frac{5}{x^2}\right) + \log_2(32x) \ .$$

For which values of x is this expression defined?

6. Find the indefinite integral

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{16+6x-x^2}} \, \cdot \,$$

7. Evaluate the definite integral

$$\int_{-3\sqrt{2}}^{-2\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2 - 9}}$$

8. If  $f(x) = x^5 + 2x - 8$  and  $g = f^{-1}$ , find g'(-8).